

# ROOT – Introduction

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## Basics of statistical analysis

### ROOT

Interactive work

Scripts/programs

Documentation

# Why statistical analysis in particle physics?

## Makroscopic world (classical)

- Deterministic
- Known initial conditions (positions and momenta) → known future

# Why statistical analysis in particle physics?

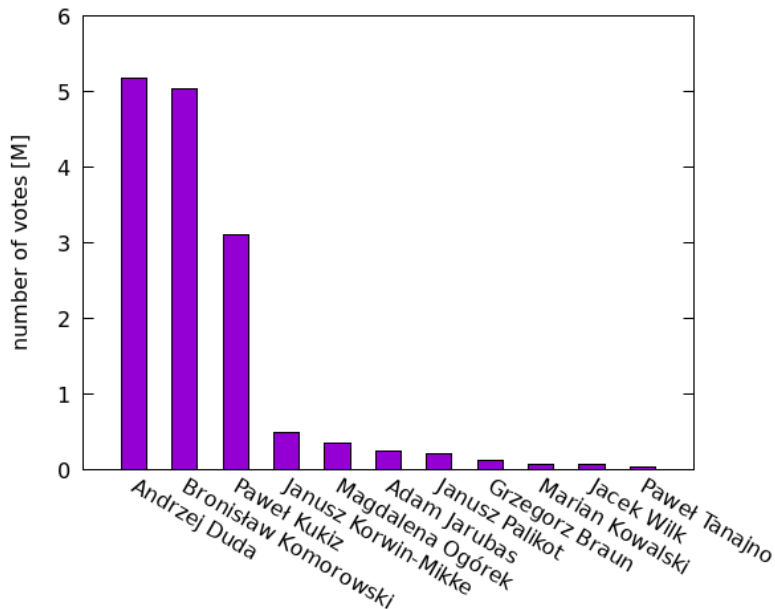
## Makroscopic world (classical)

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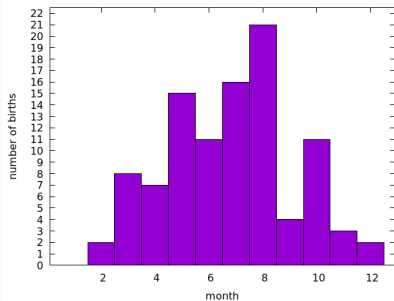
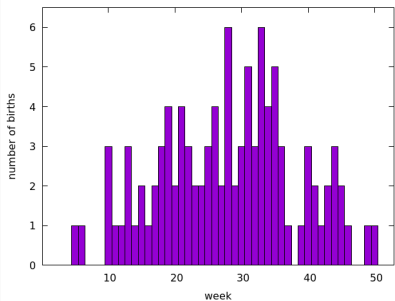
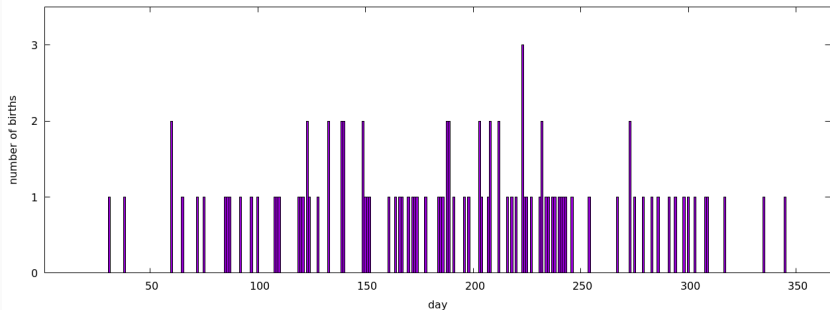
## Mikroscopic world (quantum)

- Research tool – interactions (collisions) of particles
- Proton size:  $1 \text{ fm} = 10^{-15} \text{ m} = 10^{-12} \text{ mm}$
- Electron size:: smaller than 1/1000 protonu (only limit!)
- Initial conditions not fully under control
- Quantum randomness
- Results of a single interaction not reproducible
- **We measure probabilities of different events**

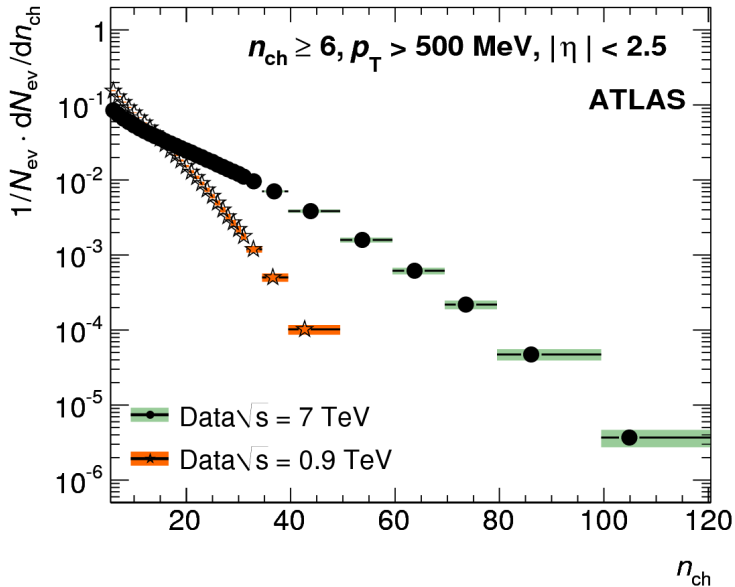
# Statistical distribution



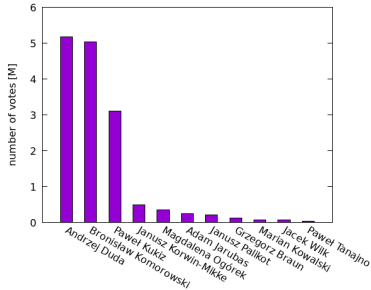
# Histogram binning



# Example from particle physics



# Logarithmic scale

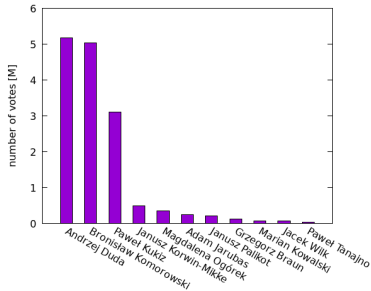


## Problem:

- Linear scale appropriate for relatively flat distributions
- "Tails" not well visible



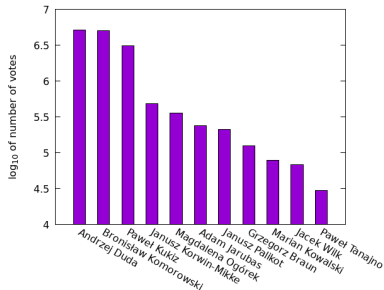
# Logarithmic scale



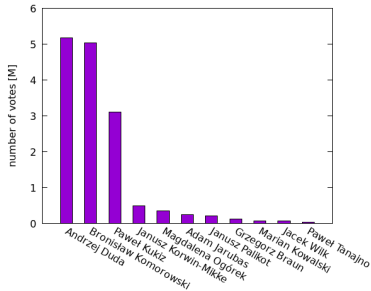
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## Solution:



# Logarithmic scale

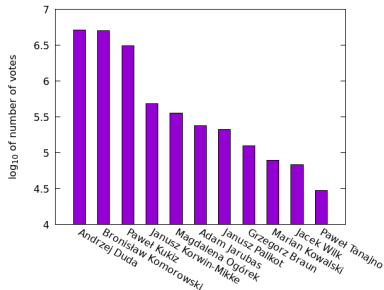


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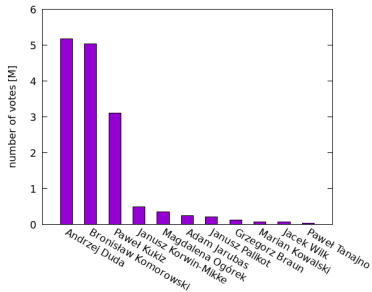
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## Solution:

- Logarithm of number of votes



# Logarithmic scale

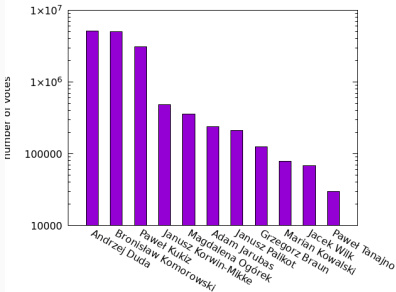
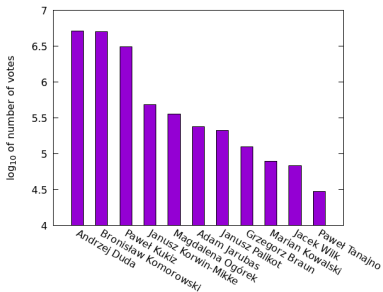


## Problem:

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## Solution:

- Logarithm of number of votes
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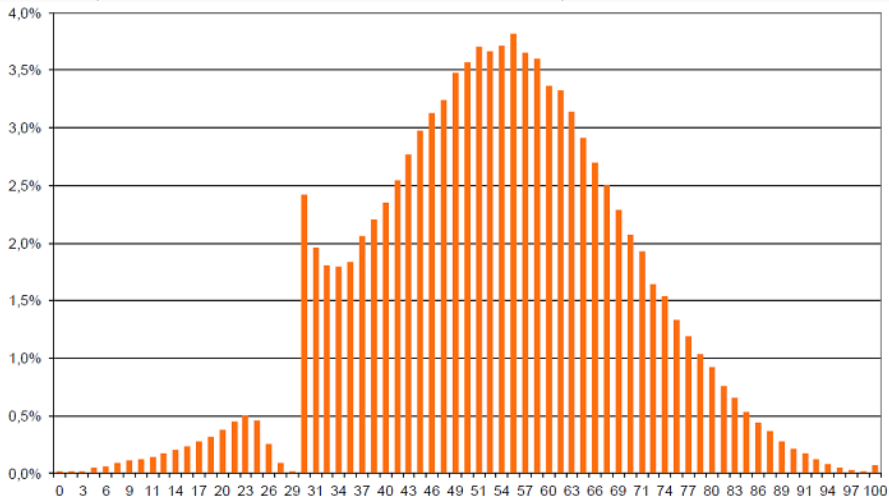


## What can one learn from a statistical distribution?

Examination after high school in Poland. Marks: 0 – 100 points.  
How do you think the distribution of results may look like?

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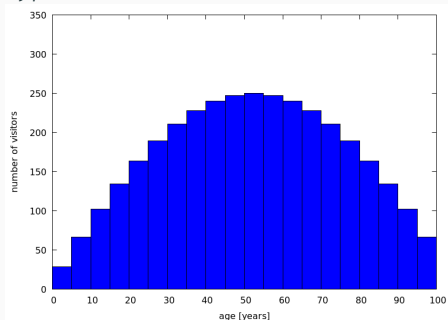
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Age of visitors in museum of particle physics

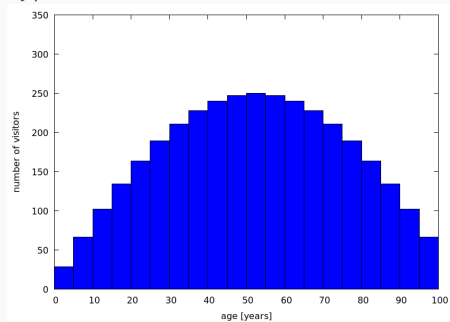
Typical distribution:



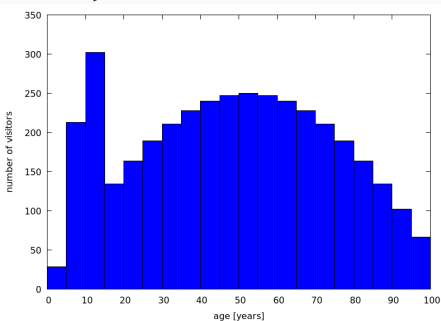
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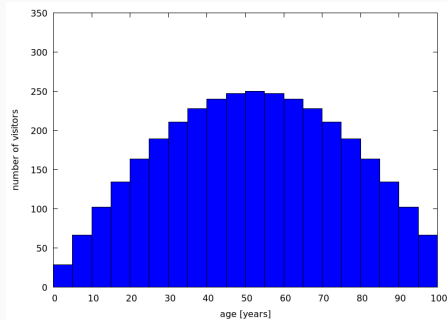
One day:



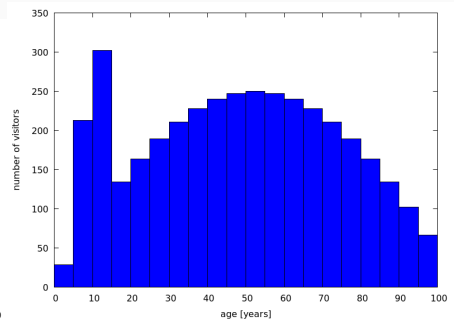
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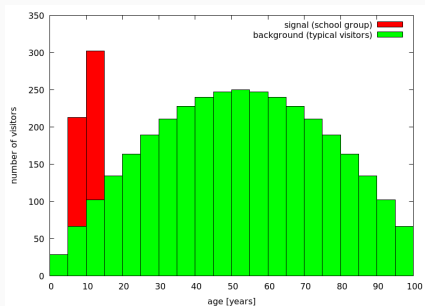
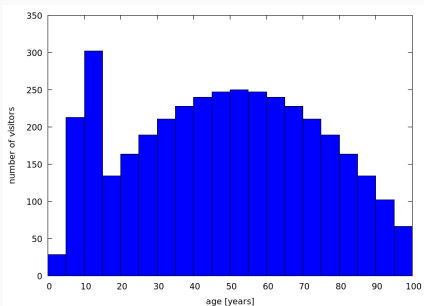
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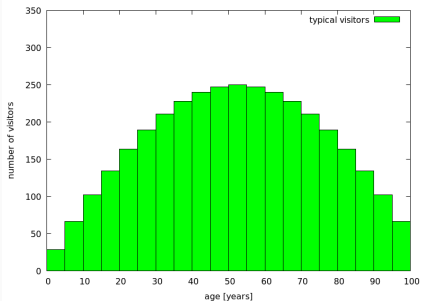
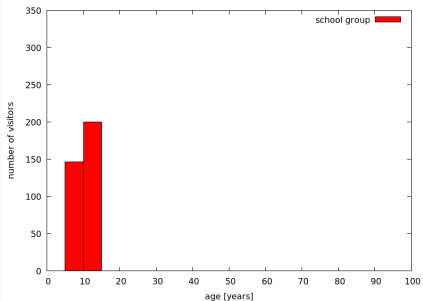
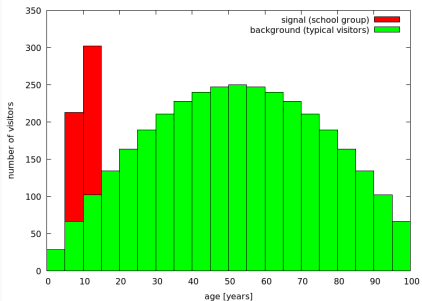
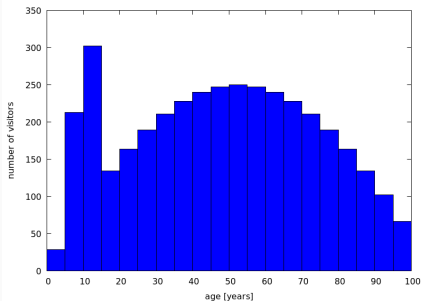
What conclusions can we draw?



# "Signal" and "background"



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Command	Description
<code>root -h</code>	show help for <b>root</b> command
<code>root [-l]</code>	open ROOT
<code>root [-l] file.root</code>	open ROOT and load a file
<code>?.?</code>	show help in interactive ROOT
<code>.q[qq[qq[qq]]]</code>	close ROOT (more <b>q</b> 's – more violently)
<code>.ls</code>	list present ROOT directory
<code>tree-&gt;Show(2)</code>	show 3rd (!) tree entry
<code>tree-&gt;Scan()</code>	print entries as a table
<code>tree-&gt;Scan("n:x:y:z", "x&gt;2")</code>	specify variables to show and condition
<code>new TBrowser</code>	open TBrowser
<code>ntuple-&gt;StartViewer()</code>	open an analysis GUI

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## C++ program

### Program

```
#include <iostream>
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TF1.h"
using namespace std;
int main (){
    cout << "hello, world" << endl;
    TCanvas c("can1", "Canvas title", 800, 600);
    TF1 f("fun1", "sin(x)", -5, 5);
    f.Draw();
    c.SaveAs("sin.png");
    return 0;
}
```

Running:

```
g++ program.C -o program[.exe] `root-config --cflags`
--glibs`
./program[.exe]
```

## C++ macro

```
void macro(){
    cout << "hello, world" << endl;
    TCanvas c("can1", "Canvas title", 800, 600);
    TF1 f("fun1", "sin(x)", -5, 5);
    f.Draw();
    c.SaveAs("sin.png");
}
```

Function name = file name  
(w/o extension)

Running:

```
root [-l] [-b] [-q] macro.C[+[+]]
```

or

```
root [-l] [-b]
.x macro.C[+[+]]
```



## Python (PyROOT)

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

import ROOT
print "hello, world"
c = ROOT.TCanvas("can1", "Canvas title", 800, 600)
f = ROOT.TF1("fun1", "sin(x)", -5, 5)
f.Draw()
c.SaveAs("sin.png")
```

Running:

```
python script.py
```

or

```
root [-l] [-b]
```

```
.x macro.C[+[+]]
```

## C++: object vs pointer

### Objects:

```
void macro(){
    cout << "hello, world" << endl;
    TCanvas c("can1", "Canvas title", 800, 600);
    TF1 f("fun1", "sin(x)", -5, 5);
    f.Draw();
    c.SaveAs("sin.png");
}
```

### Pointers:

```
void macronew(){
    cout << "hello, world" << endl;
    TCanvas * c = new TCanvas("can1", "Canvas title", 800, 600);
    TF1 * f = new TF1("fun1", "sin(x)", -5, 5);
    f->Draw();
    c->SaveAs("sin.png");
}
```

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All you need and more can be found at

`root.cern.ch`